

Cross - Reduction

You can reduce a fraction at any time while solving a problem. When multiplying, you can also CROSS REDUCE. This only works when

MULTIPLYING FRACTIONS.

- Check if the whole fractions reduce
- Check if the fractions diagonally across from each other reduce.

$$\begin{array}{l} 2 \div 2 \\ 3 \div 3 \end{array} \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{9}{10}$$

$$\frac{1}{1} \times \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{3}{5}}$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{6}\right) \times \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\left(\frac{9}{12} + \frac{10}{12}\right) \times \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3 \div 3 \\ 3 \div 3 \end{array} \frac{19}{12} \times \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\frac{19}{4} \times \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{19}{32}}$$

$$1\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{2}{25}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2 \div 2 \\ 2 \div 2 \end{array} \frac{13}{8} \times \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{13}{4} \times \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{13}{20}}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 4 \div 4 \\ 5 \div 5 \end{array} \frac{16}{30} \times \frac{5}{12}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2 \div 2 \\ 2 \div 2 \end{array} \frac{4}{6} \times \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{2}{9}}$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{8}\right) \times \left(2 - \frac{5}{6}\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{6}{8} - \frac{1}{8}\right) \times \left(\frac{12}{6} - \frac{5}{6}\right)$$

$$\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{7}{6}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{35}{48}}$$